### WHAT IS A CREDIT REPORT?

A credit report is a detailed account of your credit, employment, and residence history. It also lists any judgments, tax liens, bankruptcies, or similar matters of public record entered against you. Lenders use credit reports to determine your creditworthiness.

## **HOW DO YOU GET YOUR CREDIT REPORT?**

By federal law, you are entitled to a free copy of your credit report annually from each of the nationwide credit reporting companies: Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion. To order your free credit report, visit <a href="https://www.annualcreditreport.com">www.annualcreditreport.com</a> or call (877) 322-8228. You may also obtain a free credit report/score from your local Airman and Family Readiness Center (A&FRC) personal financial counselor and educator.

You are also entitled to a free report if you are denied credit, insurance, or employment based on information in your report. You must ask for your report within 60 days of receiving notice of the denial. The notice will give you the name, address, and phone number of the credit reporting agency used to make the decision, and you should contact them directly.

# **Experian**

(888) 397-3742 www.experian.com

#### **TransUnion**

(800) 916-8800 www.transunion.com

### **Equifax**

(800) 685-1111

### www.equifax.com

You can also request one free report a year if your report is inaccurate because of fraud, including identity theft. Otherwise, a credit reporting company may charge you a reasonable amount for another copy of your report within a 12-month period.

### **HOW OFTEN SHOULD YOU CHECK YOUR REPORT?**

Check your credit report at least once a year for errors, negative information that could prevent you from obtaining a security clearance or mortgage, and signs of identity theft.

### WHAT DOES A CREDIT REPORT CONTAIN?

Credit reports contain the following information:

- Identifying information, such as your name, Social Security number, date of birth, current and previous addresses, and employers.
- Information about your credit accounts, such as your balance and payment history.
- Any bankruptcies, foreclosures, liens, or judgments against you.
- Inquiries (i.e., when someone checks your credit report). This includes "hard" inquiries, where you applied for credit, or "soft" inquiries for background checks and preapproved offers.

### HOW DO YOU CORRECT INFORMATION ON YOUR CREDIT REPORT?

Under federal law, both the credit-reporting agencies and the information provider (the person, company or organization that provides information about you to an agency) are responsible for correcting inaccurate or incomplete information in your credit report and must investigate items in question, usually within 30 days of notification. Dispute forms are provided on the credit reporting agencies' websites, or you can request a hard copy.

Here are the basic steps for disputing inaccurate information:

- Write a letter to the credit reporting agency; explain each dispute and request an investigation to resolve issues. Send copies (not originals) of supporting paperwork.
- Send a similar letter of dispute to the creditor.
- Send all letters and materials by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- The reporting agency will initiate an investigation, contacting creditors to verify the accuracy of the information. If the information cannot be verified, it must be removed.
- When the investigation is complete, if changes were made to your credit report, the credit reporting agency must send you a free copy of your credit report.
- If the investigation uncovers an error, you have the right to request that a corrected version of your credit report be sent to everyone who received the report during the previous six months.

You can read additional information on how to correct information on your credit report at the Federal Trade Commission website: <a href="https://www.consumer.ftc.gov/articles/0151-disputing-errors-credit-reports">www.consumer.ftc.gov/articles/0151-disputing-errors-credit-reports</a>.

#### WHAT DO I DO IF I SUSPECT IDENTITY THEFT?

If you find suspicious accounts or information on your credit report, it might be an indication of identity theft. If you suspect you are a victim of identity theft, contact the Federal Trade Commission at (877) IDTHEFT or www.consumer.gov. The FTC is the primary resource for information on identity theft.

For additional information on identity theft, see <a href="https://www.consumer.ftc.gov/features/feature-0014-identity-theft">www.consumer.ftc.gov/features/feature-0014-identity-theft</a>. You may also want to sign up for a Consumer Awareness course at your local A&FRC.

